# Product Name: SPEED ZONE Broadleaf Herbicide for Turf

MSDS No.: 654-6	6	Version No.: 002		EPA Registration No.: 2217-83
1. Basic Info	rmation:			
Manufacturer:	PBI/Gordon Co	orporation	NFPA	
Address:	1217 West 12t	h Street	Fire	
City, State Zip:	Kansas City, M	1O 64101-1407	Health Reactivity	2 Health
Information Contact:		Environmental, Health, & Safety Dept.		1 Flammability
Information Telephone Number:		(816)421-4070		0 Reactivity
Emergency Contact:		Chemtrec	<b>X X</b>	B Pers. Protection
Emergency Telephone Number:		(800)424-9300	Special	B Tols. Theodoli
Last Update:	3/29/2010			
Chemical State:	X Liquid	Gas Solid		
Chemical Type:	Pure	X Mixture		
2. Ingredients	s:			

#### **Trade Secret** (ND = Not Disclosed) EHS IARC SARA OSHA ACGIH Other 313 PEL TLV Limits SUB Z CAS No. Chemical Name % Range NTP 1928434 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, isooctyl 28.57% N N γ Ν NI NI NI Υ (2-ethylhexyl) ester (2,4-D 2-EHE) 1918009 3,6-Dichloro-o-anisic acid (Dicamba) 1.71% Ν Ν Ν Ν NI NI NI Y 128639021 Carfentrazone-ethyl 0.62% N N NI NI NI Ν Ν Ν 16484778 R(+)2(2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) 5.88% Ν Ν Υ Ν Ν NI NI NI propionic acid (MCPP)

# 3. Hazardous Identification:

#### Hazard Catagory:

X Acute X Chronic

Pressure Reactive

#### Hazardous Identification Information:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) lists chlorophenoxy herbicides in its Group 2B (limited evidence for carcinogenicity in humans.) The US EPA has given the chlorophenoxy herbicides 2,4-D, 2,4-DP, MCPP, and MCPA a Class D classification (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity.) More current 2,4-D lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice did not show carcinogenic effects and a recent World Health Organization (WHO) review of 2,4-D toxicology has concluded that 2,4-D is not a carcinogen.

Fire

# 4. First Aid Measures:

#### Route(s) of Entry:

Skin contact, Inhalation, Ingestion.

#### Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): EYES: Moderately irritating to eyes.

SKIN: Moderately irritating to the skin.

INHALATION: Moderately irritating to the mucous membranes. Inhalation of sprays may cause burning sensations in the respiratory tract, resulting in coughing.

INGESTION: May cause vomiting, with pain in the chest and abdomen, and diarrhea.

#### Signs and Symptoms:

Inhalation may cause burning in the chest, with coughing. Prolonged inhalation sometimes causes dizziness. Ingestion usually leads to vomiting. Pain in the chest and abdomen, and diarrhea may follow. Headache, mental confusion, and bizarre behavior are early

# First Aid Measures (Continued)

manifestations of severe poisoning, which may progress to unconsciousness.

#### Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure:

Individuals with chronic skin disease or known sensitivity to chlorophenoxy compounds should either avoid using them or take strict precautions to avoid contact. (respirator, gloves, etc.)

#### **Emergency First Aid Procedure:**

If swallowed:

- · Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- · Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or
- doctor.
- · Do not give any liquid to the person.
- · Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### If in eyes:

• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.

· Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

#### If on skin:

- · Take off contaminated clothing.
- · Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 20 minutes.
- $\cdot$  Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled:

- · Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- · Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

#### **Other Health Warnings:**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical information

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First Aid Measures (Continued)

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

5. Fire Fighting Measures:							
Flash Point:	>200°F		F.P. Method:	Pensky Martens C			
Lower Explosive Limit: NI							
Upper Explosive	e Limit:	NI					

#### Fire Extinguishing Media:

Foam, CO2, dry chemical.

### Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Wear positive-pressure breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Fight fire from maximum distance. Stay up-wind and out of low areas.

#### Unusual Fire and Explosion:

Fire fighting precautions would be the same as those used for any petroleum based oil product. Runoff from fire control area or dilution water may cause pollution. If surface water is contaminated, contact local authorities.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures:

#### Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:

Do not touch spilled material. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment. Contain and absorb spilled material on Dri-Rite, sand or other inert absorbent. Collect into drums; cover and label for disposal. Flush area with water if possible.

# 7. Handling and Storage:

#### Precautions to be Taken:

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets. Keep from freezing.

#### Other Precautions:

**Engineering Control Statements** 

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection:

#### Ventilation Requirements:

Good local ventilation is recommended; mechanical ventilation may be used if exposure limits may be exceeded.

# Personal Protective Equipment:

Clothing Requirement Statement:

When mixing, loading, or applying this product, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes, chemical-resistant gloves and eye protection. It is recommended that safety glasses include front, brow, and temple protection.

Personal Hygiene Statement:

After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Wear long sleeves and pants; chemical-resistant gloves and shoes with socks.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If exposure limits may be exceeded,

Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (Continued)

wear a respirator with an organic-vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a NIOSH approved respirator with any R, P or HE filter.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties:

Boiling Point: >200 °F Melting Point: NI

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) : <1

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.): NI

Vapor Density (Air = 1): NI

Specific Gravity (H20 = 1): 0.96650

Solubility in Water: Emulsifiable

Appearance and Odor: Amber liquid, ester odor

#### Other Information:

pH = 2.92 for a 1% aqueous solution Density = 8.05 pounds/gallon Freezing point <35°F Viscosity: 8.11 cps @ 23.8°C

# 10. Stability and Reactivity:

# Stability:

Stable.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): None known

#### Decomposition/By-Products:

May produce gases such as HCI, organo chlorides, nitrogen oxides, and carbon monoxide when burning.

#### Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

# 1. Toxicological Information:

EYES: Moderately irritatiing to the eye.

SKIN: Moderately irritating to the skin. Acute demal LD50 is greater than 2,000 mg/kg for males, and between 1,000 and 2,000 for females. This product is considered to be a contact sensitizer.

INHALATION: Acute inhalation LC50 is greater than 2.06 mg/L in male and female rats.

INGESTION: Acute oral LD50 is greater than 2,000 mg/kg for male and female rats.

# 12. Ecological Information:

#### Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow,

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# Ecological Information (Continued)

may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

# 13. Disposal Considerations:

**Disposal Considerations (Continued)** 

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

[For Plastic Containers - Nonrefillable with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons:]

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse [or pressure rinse] container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.]

[For Plastic Containers - Nonrefillable with capacities greater than 5 gallons:]

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse [or pressure rinse] container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.]

#### [For Refillable Containers:]

CONTAINER HANDLING: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Container cleaning: Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing

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**Disposal Considerations (Continued)** 

procedure two more times.

### 14. Transport Information:

The following guidelines apply for domestic ground transport. If shipping by air or ocean, please contact our Transportation Dept.

Freight Class: PESTICIDES, NOI - NMFC #155050-6

In our current available sizes, this product does not qualify as a Hazardous Material.

# 15. Regulatory Information:

OSHA STATUS: This product is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA STATUS: This product is exempt from TSCA Regulation under FIFRA Section 3(2)(B)(ii) when used as a pesticide.

CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY: 339 pounds of the formulation which contains 100 pounds of 2,4-D 2-ethylhexyl ester

SARA TITLE III:

SECTION 302 EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES: None SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: Immediate Health Hazard, Delayed Health Hazard

SECTION 313 TOXIC CHEMICALS: Dicamba CAS# 1918-00-9, 2,4-D 2-ethylhexyl ester CAS# 1928-43-4

RCRA STATUS: When discarded in its purchased form, this product is a listed RCRA hazardous waste and should be managed as a hazardous waste. (40 CFR 261.20-24)

# 16. Other Information:

REASON FOR ISSUE: New MSDS in the ANSI Z400.1-1998 format

Note: NI means not Indicated.

The information and statements in this Material Safety Data Sheet are believed to accurately reflect the scientific evidence used in making the hazard determination, but is not to be construed as a warranty or representation for which we assume legal responsibility. Additional information may be necessary or desirable depending on particular, exceptional or variable conditions or circumstances of use or storage or because of locally applicable laws or government regulations. Therefore, you should use this information only as a supplement to other information available to you and must make independent determinations of the suitability of the information for your particular circumstances or conditions and of the completeness of the information available from all sources to assure both the proper use of the material described herein and the safety and health of employees.